

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 29/10/2019 Revision date: 29/04/2021 Supersedes version of: 29/10/2019 Version: 1.1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : GEOSPRIV GRANULES - CHARBON SUPER ULTOSE GR

Type of product : For œnological use Product group : Trade product

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Professional use

Industrial/Professional use spec : For professional use only

Use of the substance/mixture : Granular activated carbon for oenological use

Use of the substance/mixture : For œnological use

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer

LAMOTHE-ABIET
Avenue Ferdinand de Lesseps ZA-ACTIPOLIS
33610 CANEJAN - FRANCE
T +33557779292 - F +33556864002
contact@lamothe-abiet.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Australia	NSW Poisons Information Centre The Children's Hospital at Westmead	Locked Bag 4001 NSW 2145 Westmead	13 11 26	
Canada	Ontario Poison Centre (OPC)	The Hospital for Sick Children 555 University Avenue ON M5G 1X8 Toronto	1-800-268-9017 (416) 813-5900	
Canada	BC Drug and Poison Information Centre (DPIC)	655 West 12th Avenue BC V5Z 4R4 Vancouver	1-800-567-8911 (604) 682-5050	
China	National Poison Control Center	Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention Nanwei road, No.29 100050 Beijing	+86 10 831 32 046	

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Croatia	Centar za kontrolu otrovanja Institut za medicinska istraživanja i medicinu rada	Ksaverska Cesta 2 p.p. 291 10000 Zagreb	+385 1 234 8342	Information available 24/7 in Croatian and English	
Czech Republic	Toxikologické informační středisko Klinika pracovního lékařství VFN a 1. LF UK	Na Bojišti 1 120 00 Praha 2	+420 224 919 293 +420 224 915 402		
Denmark	Giftlinjen	Bispebjerg Bakke 23 Opgang 20 C 2400 København NV	+45 82 12 12 12		
Georgia	National Toxicology Information Advisory Center	Tbilisi State Medical University Department of Toxicology - 7 Asatiani St. 380 077 Tbilisi	+995 99 533320		
Greece	Poisons Information Centre Children's Hospital P&A Kyriakou	11762 Athens	+30 2 10 779 3777		
Hungary	Országos Kémiai Biztonsági Intézet Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat	Nagyvárad tér 2. 1437 Budapest, Pf. 839 1097 Budapest	+36 80 20 11 99	11 99	
Israel	Israel Poison Information Center Rambam Health Care Campus	6 Ha'Aliya Street 31096 Haifa	+972 4 854 1900	72 4 854 1900	
Japan	Japan Poison Information Center	Tsukuba Medical Center 1-1-1 Amakubo 305-0005 Tsukuba City, Ibaraki	+81-29-856-3566 +81-72-727-2499		
Jordan	National Drug & Poison Information Center of Jordan		0798506755 00962-6-5353444		
Kazakhstan	Republican Toxicology Center	Tole-bi 93 480083 Almaty	+7 3272 925 868		
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital MSD Msida	+356 2545 6504	04	
New Zealand	National Poisons Centre	Dunedin School of Medicine, University of Otago PO Box 913 9054 Dunedin	0800 764 766 +56 2 2 247 3600		

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Poland	National Poisons Information Centre The Nofer Institute of Occupational Medicine (Łódź)	ul. Teresy 8 P.O. BOX 199 90950 Łódź	+48 42 63 14 724	
Romania	Department of Clinical Toxicology Spitalul de Urgenta Floreasca	Calea Floreasca Bucuresti	+40 21 230 8000	
Russia	Информационно- консультативный центр по токсикология (RTIAC) Министерство здравоохранения Российской Федерации	3 Сухаревская Площадь Блок 7 129090 г. Москва	+7 495 628 1687 (только на русском)	
Serbia	Nacionalni centar za kontrolu trovanja - VMA	Crnotravska 17 11000 Beograd	+381 11 360 84 40	
Slovenia	Center za klinično toksikologijo in farmakologijo Interna klinika, UKCL	Zaloška 7 1000 Ljubljana	+386 522 52 83	
South Africa	Tygerberg Poison Information Centre	Division of Clinical Pharmacology Faculty of Medicine and Heath Sciences Stellenbosch University - PO Box 241 8 000 Cape Town	0861 555 777 +56 2 2 247 3600	
Sweden	Giftinformationscentralen	Solna Strandväg 21 171 54 Solna	112 – begär Giftinformation	
Turkey	Ulusal Zehir Merkezi (UZEM) Refik Saydam Hıfzısıhha Merkezi Başkanlığı	Cemal Gürsel Cd. No: 18 Sıhhiye Çankaya 06590 Ankara	114	Information is provided to public and medical personnel on poisoning incidents via 114.
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Belfast Centre) Royal Victoria Hospital	Grosvenor Road BT12 6BA Belfast	0344 892 0111	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital	Dudley Road B18 7QH Birmingham	0344 892 0111	

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United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Cardiff Centre) Gwenwyn Ward, Llandough Hospital	Penarth CF64 2XX Cardiff	0344 892 0111	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh	Little France Crescent EH16 4SA Edinburgh	0344 892 0111	
United Kingdom	Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit Medical Toxicology Unit, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust	Avonley Road SE14 5ER London	+44 20 7188 7188	
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Newcastle Centre) Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre, Wolfson Unit	Claremont Place Newcastle-upon-Tyne NE1 4LP Newcastle	0344 892 0111	
United States of America	American Association of Poison Control Centers	515 King St., Suite 510 VA 22314 Alexandria	1-800-222-1222 +56 2 2 247 3600	

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Not classified

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

This product does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous as defined in the Regulation EC 1272/2008. Depending on the type of handling and use (e.g. grinding, drying), airborne respirable crystalline silica may be generated. Prolonged and/or massive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung fibrosis, commonly referred to as silicosis.

Principal symptoms of silicosis are cough and breathlessness. Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust should be monitored and controlled.

# 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No labelling applicable

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#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Activated carbon (especially when wet) can deplete oxygen from air in enclosed spaces, and dangerously low levels of oxygen may result. Prior to entering a confined space that contains or previously contained activated carbon, the space should be evaluated for oxygen and carbon monoxide concentrations, and any other hazards, by a qualified person. Avoid dust formation. Powdered material may form an explosible dust-air mixture. If transferring product under pressure, avoid generation of dust if an ignition source is present. Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause self-heating during oxidation. See Section 5. This product contains less than 1 % crystalline silica (fine fraction) consisting of cristobalite (fine fraction) and quartz (fine fraction).

Cristobalite: CAS-No.: 14464-46-1 EC No.: 238-455-4

Quartz: CAS-No.: 14808-60-7 EC No.: 238-878-4. Do not generate dust because airborne respirable crystalline silica may be generated. Dust of the product, if present, may cause respiratory irritation after an excessive inhalation exposure.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Activated carbon substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	(CAS-No.) 7440-44-0 (EC-No.) 931-334-3 (REACH-no) 01-2119488716-22	≥ 80	Self-heat. 2, H252
Montmorillonite	(CAS-No.) 1302-78-9 (EC-No.) 215-108-5	≤ 20	Not classified
Crystalline Silica substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7 (EC-No.) 238-878-4	≤1	Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 (ATE=0,5 mg/l/4h) Carc. 1A, H350i STOT RE 2, H373

Comments

: This product contains less than 1 % crystalline silica (fine fraction) consisting of

cristobalite (fine fraction) and quartz (fine fraction). Cristobalite: CAS-No.: 14464-46-1 EC No.: 238-455-4 Quartz: CAS-No.: 14808-60-7 EC No.: 238-878-4

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Dust of the product, if present, may cause respiratory irritation after an

excessive inhalation exposure. If symptoms persist call a doctor.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : After contact with skin, wash immediately and thoroughly with water and soap.

Apply emollient cream. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact : In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with clean water for 10-15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Give

water to drink if victim completely conscious/alert. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Never attempt to induce vomiting: risk of

inhalation. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : More detailed information: See section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled. Breathing crystalline silica dust for long periods

can damage your lungs.

Crystalline silica (cristobalite) is a known cause of silicosis, a progressive,

sometimes fatal lung disease.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause moderate irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : May cause eye irritation. Eye irritant upon direct contact.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : None under normal conditions.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : If there is a fire close by, use suitable extinguishing agents. carbon dioxide

(CO2), powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet. Avoid dust formation. Powdered material may form an

explosible dust-air mixture. If transferring product under pressure, avoid

generation of dust if an ignition source is present.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : When mixed with air and exposed to an ignition source, dust may burn in the

open air. Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause selfheating during oxidation. An adequate air gap between packages of activated carbon is recommended to reduce risk of propagation of the event. Activated carbon is difficult to ignite and tends to burn slowly (smolder) without

producing smoke or flame.

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Hazardous decomposition products in case

of fire

: Materials allowed to smolder for long periods in enclosed spaces may produce amounts of carbon monoxide which reach the lower explosive limit (carbon monoxide LEL = 12.5% in air). Used activated carbon may produce additional combustion products which are based on the substance(s) adsorbed. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. [In case

of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Other information : Do not contaminate ground and surface water. Dispose in a safe manner in

accordance with local/national regulations.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate personnel to a safe area.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Measures in case of dust release : Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For

further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak without risks if possible. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Mechanically recover the product. Use non-sparking handtools. Do not use

compressed air for cleaning. Dust deposited may be vacuum cleaned or the area hosed down with water. Shovel into suitable and closed container for disposal. Minimise generation of dust. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of

water.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site. Do not allow to

enter drains or water courses.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see section 13.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

: Dust may form flammable and explosive mixture with air. When handling product, avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

Precautions for safe handling

: Avoid dust formation. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Local exhaust is recommended where dust may occur. Where excessive dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. Store tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Do not breathe dust. Do not use compressed air to fill, handle or work up. Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause self-heating during oxidation. An adequate air gap between packages of activated carbon is recommended to reduce risk of propagation of the event. Activated carbon is difficult to ignite and tends to burn slowly (smolder) without producing smoke or flame. Activated carbon (especially when wet) can deplete oxygen from air in enclosed spaces, and dangerously low levels of oxygen may result. Prior to entering a confined space that contains or previously contained activated carbon, the space should be evaluated for oxygen and carbon monoxide concentrations, and any other hazards, by a qualified person.

Hygiene measures

: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Remove contaminated clothes.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Store in original container. Avoid dust formation.

Storage conditions

: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from moisture. Keep away from ignition sources.

Incompatible products

: Strong acids, strong oxidants. Adsorbents.

Heat and ignition sources

: Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Store away from

heat.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

For œnological use.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Activated carbon (7440-44-0)		
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)		
Local name	Silica crystaline (Quartz)	
IOEL TWA	0,05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
Notes	(Year of adoption 2003)	
Regulatory reference	SCOEL Recommendations	

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Activated carbon (7440-44-0)				
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits				
MAK (OEL TWA) 10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts				
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits				
OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts			
OEL STEL	3 mg/m³ Breathable dust			
France - Occupational Exposure Limits				
VLE (OEL C/STEL)	10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts			
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TI	RGS 900)			
AGW (OEL TWA) [1]	10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts			
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits				
OEL TWA [1]	10 mg/m³ Breathable dust			
OEL STEL	4 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts			
Italy - Occupational Exposure Limits				
OEL TWA 10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts				
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits				
MAC-TGG (OEL TWA)	3,5 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts			
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits				
Local name	Sílice Cristalina: Cuarzo			
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts			
VLA-EC (OEL STEL)	4 mg/m³ Breathable dust			
Notes	n (En las industrias extractivas véase la Orden ITC 2585/2007, de 30 de agosto (BOE nº 315 de 7 de septiembre de 2007), por la que se aprueba la Instrucción Técnica Complementaria 2.0.02 del Reglamento General de Normas Básicas de Seguridad Minera), d (Véase UNE EN 481: Atmósferas en los puestos de trabajo. Definición de las fracciones por el tamaño de las partículas para la medición de aerosoles), y (Reclasificado, por la International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) de grupo 2A (probablemente carcinogénico en humanos) a grupo 1 (carcinogénico en humanos)).			
Regulatory reference	Límites de Exposición Profesional para Agentes Químicos en España 2019. INSHT			
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits				
NGV (OEL TWA)	10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts			
KTV (OEL STEL)	5 mg/m³ Breathable dust			
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Li	mits			
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1] 10 mg/m³ Breathable dust			

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Activated carbon (7440-44-0)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ Inhalable dusts	

Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)				
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)				
Local name	Silica crystaline (Quartz)			
IOEL TWA	0,05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)			
Notes	(Year of adoption 2003)			
Regulatory reference	SCOEL Recommendations			
France - Occupational Exposure Limits				
Local name	Silice (poussières alvéolaires de quartz)			
VME (OEL TWA)	0,1 mg/m³			
Note (FR)	Valeurs règlementaires contraignantes			
Regulatory reference	Article R4412-149 du Code du travail (réf.: INRS ED 984, 2016; Décret n° 2019-1487; Décret n° 2020-1546)			
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits				
Local name	Sílice Cristalina: Cuarzo			
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	0,05 mg/m³ Fracción respirable			
Notes	n (En las industrias extractivas véase la Orden ITC 2585/2007, de 30 de agosto (BOE nº 315 de 7 de septiembre de 2007), por la que se aprueba la Instrucción Técnica Complementaria 2.0.02 del Reglamento General de Normas Básicas de Seguridad Minera), d (Véase UNE EN 481: Atmósferas en los puestos de trabajo. Definición de las fracciones por el tamaño de las partículas para la medición de aerosoles), y (Reclasificado, por la International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) de grupo 2A (probablemente carcinogénico en humanos) a grupo 1 (carcinogénico en humanos)).			
Regulatory reference	Límites de Exposición Profesional para Agentes Químicos en España 2019. INSHT			

## 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

No additional information available

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#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Avoid dust formation. Avoid raising powdered materials into airborne dust. Carry out operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

### Personal protective equipment:

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

## Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

### Eye protection:

Use splash goggles when eye contact due to splashing is possible. Safety glasses. Safety glasses with side shields

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

### Hand protection:

Protective gloves. Nitrile rubber gloves. Latex gloves

Туре	Material	Permeation	Thickness (mm)	Penetration	Standard
Chemically resistant protective gloves	Nitrile rubber (NBR), Latex		0.4		EN ISO 374

#### Other skin protection

#### Materials for protective clothing:

Wear suitable protective clothing

# 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

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#### **Respiratory protection:**

Use engineering controls to keep exposures below the OEL or DNEL. Where excessive dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. EN 149

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid discharge to atmosphere. Relevant water authorities should be notified of any large spillage to water course or drain.

#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Emergency eye wash fountains should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid Colour : Black. **Appearance** : Granulate.

Odour : odourless. On contact with humidity, releases: sulfur.

Odour threshold : Not available Melting point : Not available : Not available Freezing point : Not available **Boiling point** Flammability : 630 - 640 °C

**Explosive properties** : Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

**Explosive limits** : Not applicable

Lower explosive limit (LEL) :  $\geq$  50 g/m³ EN 14034-3

Upper explosive limit (UEL) : Not applicable Flash point : Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable Decomposition temperature : Not available : Not available pН pH solution : Not available Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable : insoluble in water. Solubility : Not available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log

Kow)

Vapour pressure : Not available Vapour pressure at 50 °C : Not available : Not available Density Relative density : Not available

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Relative vapour density at 20 °C : Not applicable Particle size : Not available Particle size distribution : Not available Particle shape : Not available Particle aspect ratio : Not available : Not available Particle aggregation state Particle agglomeration state : Not available Particle specific surface area : Not available Particle dustiness : Not available

#### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Minimum ignition energy : > 1 J

Bulk density :  $200 - 600 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

An exothermic reaction may occur. on contact with incompatible materials. Oxidizing materials. Dust may form explosive mixture in air. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable in use and storage conditions as recommended in item 7.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid dust formation. Heat. Remove all sources of ignition. Activated carbon (especially when wet) can deplete oxygen from air in enclosed spaces, and dangerously low levels of oxygen may result. Prior to entering a confined space that contains or previously contained activated carbon, the space should be evaluated for oxygen and carbon monoxide concentrations, and any other hazards, by a qualified person. Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause self-heating during oxidation. An adequate air gap between packages of activated carbon is recommended to reduce risk of propagation of the event. Activated carbon is difficult to ignite and tends to burn slowly (smolder) without producing smoke or flame. This product is a self-heating substance (UN Manual of Tests and Criterion, Second Revised Edition, Test N.3.).

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents and strong acids.

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#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Materials allowed to smolder for long periods in enclosed spaces may produce amounts of carbon monoxide which reach the lower explosive limit (carbon monoxide LEL = 12.5% in air). Used activated carbon may produce additional combustion products which are based on the substance(s) adsorbed. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Activated carbon (7440-44-0)		
LD50 oral rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg OCDE 423	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	≥ 8,5 mg/l 1h - OCDE 403	

Montmorillonite (1302-78-9)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD 420)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5,27 mg/l (OECD 436)	

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified. Not irritating to rabbits on cutaneous application. (OECD 404 method) (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified. Not irritating to rabbits on ocular application. (OECD 405 method) (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified. Did not cause sensitisation. (OECD 429 method) (Based on

available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Germ cell mutagenicity : Mutagenicity tests are negative. (OECD 471 method). (OECD 473 method).

(OECD 476 method) (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

met)

Carcinogenicity : This product contains less than 1 % crystalline silica (fine fraction) consisting of

cristobalite (fine fraction) and quartz (fine fraction). Cristobalite: CAS-No.: 14464-46-1 EC No.: 238-455-4

Quartz: CAS-No.: 14808-60-7 EC No.: 238-878-4. IARC. Group 1. USA - ACGIH. Category 2A (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

STOT-single exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

STOT-repeated exposure : STOT RE Not classified. This product contains less than 1 % crystalline silica (fine

fraction) consisting of cristobalite (fine fraction) and quartz (fine fraction).

Cristobalite: CAS-No.: 14464-46-1 EC No.: 238-455-4

Quartz: CAS-No.: 14808-60-7 EC No.: 238-878-4. STOT RE 1 (Based on available

data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Aspiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Ecological problems are not known or expected under normal use. High

concentration in water may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Ecology - water : not toxic to water organisms. insoluble in water.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

short-term (acute)

: Not classified (insoluble in water)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long- : Not classified

term (chronic)

Montmorillonite (1302-78-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	16 g/l 96h - Freshwater fish (rainbow trout)
LC50 - Fish [2]	2,8 – 3,2 g/l 24h - marine water fish (black bass, warmouth bass, blue gill and sunfish)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	81,6 mg/l 96h - Freshwater invertebrates (Dungeness crab)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	24,8 mg/l 96h - Freshwater invertebrates (dock shrimp)
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 100 mg/l 48h - Daphnia magna (OECD 202)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Freshwater alga

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Activated carbon (7440-44-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not biodegradable.

Montmorillonite (1302-78-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not relevant.

Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Not relevant. Mineral.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Activated carbon (7440-44-0)	
Bioaccumulative potential	There is no bioaccumulation. Not soluble in water alone.

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Montmorillonite (1302-78-9)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not relevant.

Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not relevant. There is no bioaccumulation.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Activated carbon (7440-44-0)	
Ecology - soil	practically insoluble.

Montmorillonite (1302-78-9)	
Ecology - soil	practically insoluble. Low mobility (soil).

Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)	
Ecology - soil	Low mobility (soil). Not soluble in water alone.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Do not allow to enter drains or water courses

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting

instructions. Avoid dust formation. Recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration.

Product/Packaging disposal

: Empty remaining contents. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

recommendations licensed collector's sorting instructions.

#### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

# 14.1. UN number or ID number

: Not applicable UN-No. (ADR) UN-No. (IMDG) : Not applicable

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UN-No. (IATA) : Not applicable
UN-No. (ADN) : Not applicable
UN-No. (RID) : Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (ADN) : Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (RID) : Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

**ADR** 

Transport hazard class(es) (ADR) : Not applicable

**IMDG** 

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not applicable

**IATA** 

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : Not applicable

ADN

Transport hazard class(es) (ADN) : Not applicable

**RID** 

Transport hazard class(es) (RID) : Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADR) : Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IATA) : Not applicable
Packing group (ADN) : Not applicable
Packing group (RID) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No

Other information : No supplementary information available

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

# **Overland transport**

Not applicable

Transport by sea

Not applicable

Air transport

Not applicable

Inland waterway transport

Not applicable

Rail transport

Not applicable

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#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

#### Germany

Water hazard class (WGK) : WGK nwg, Non-hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1)

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

**Netherlands** 

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : Crystalline Silica is listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de : None of the components are listed

voortplanting giftige stoffen – Borstvoeding

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de : None of the components are listed

voortplanting giftige stoffen –

Vruchtbaarheid

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de : None of the components are listed

voortplanting giftige stoffen - Ontwikkeling

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : The requirements from the Danish Working Environment Authorities regarding

work with carcinogens must be followed during use and disposal

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information	
Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity (inhalation) Category 1A

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Self-heat. 2	Self-Heating Substances and Mixtures, Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2
H252	Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.